

# FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Michigan Dept. of Treasury, Local Audit & Finance Division 496 (3-98). Formerly L-3147

AUDITING PRO	CEDURES REP	ORT						*
Local Government Type	, as amended. Filing is ma	Local Government	t Name			County	and	
☐ City ☐ Township	☑ Village ☐ Other	Village of Sai	nford  Date Account	ant Deport	Submitted to	Midl State:	and	
Audit Date	Opinion Date August 15	2005	Novembe	r 16, 200	5			
June 30, 2005  August 15, 2005  November 16, 2005								
We affirm that:								
1. We have complied	with the Bulletin for t	the Audits of Loca	al Units of Go	overnmen	t in Michiga	in as revi	sea.	
2. We are certified p	ublic accountants regi	istered to practice	e in Michigan	•				
We further affirm the the report of commer	following. "Yes" resp nts and recommendati	onses have been ions	n disclosed in	the finan	cial statem	ents, incl	uding the	e notes, or in
	applicable box for eac							
☐ yes ☒ no 1.	Certain component u	nits/funds/agenci	ies of the loc	al unit are	excluded 1	rom the f	inancial	statements.
☐ yes ☒ no 2.	There are accumulate earnings (P.A. 275 of		e or more of the	his unit's u	unreserved	fund bala	ances/ref	tained
•	There are instances (1968, as amended).							
	yes 🗵 no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.							
☐ yes ☒ no 5.	The local unit holds of 1943, as amended	deposits/investme i [MCL 129.91], c	ents which do or P.A. 55 of	not com 1982, as a	ply with sta amended [f	tutory red MCL 38.1	juiremen 132]).	ts. (P.A. 20
☐ yes ☒ no 6.	The local unit has be unit.	en delinquent dis	stributing tax	revenues	that were	collected	for anoth	er taxing
yes no 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during they year).								
☐ yes ☒ no 8.	The local unit uses c 1995 (MCL 129.241)		nas not adopt	ed an app	olicable poli	cy as req	uired by	P.A. 266 of
☐ yes ☒ no 9.	The local unit has no	ot adopted an inve	estment polic	y as requ	ired by P.A	. <b>196</b> of 1	1997 (MC	CL 129.95).
We have enclose	ed the following:				Enclosed	I .	Be varded	Not Required
The letter of commo	ents and recommenda	ations.			Х			
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).								
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)								
Campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.  Street Address 512 N. Lincoln, Suite 100, P.O. Box 686  City Bay City MI 48707					07			
Accountant Signature								

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	4
Government-wide Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10-15
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	16
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Street Fund	17
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Local Street Fund	18
Other Supporting Information:	
General Fund Expenditures by Detailed Account	19

### CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA

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#### INDÈPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 15, 2005

To the Village Council Village of Sanford Midland County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Village of Sanford, Midland County, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Sanford's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Village of Sanford, Midland County, Michigan as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Campbell Kusterer & Co. P.C.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended June 30, 2005

The Management's Discussion and Analysis report of the Village of Sanford covers the Village's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2005.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Our financial position as a whole has improved. We took in \$255,987.21 and only spent \$213,775.91.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Village and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present government activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Village in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

#### **ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The entity-wide statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Village's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Village are reported as governmental activities. These include the General Fund, the Major Street Fund, the Local Street Fund and the Liquor Fund.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds not the Village as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Village Council also may create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditures of those resources.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended June 30, 2005

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Village has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds: All of the Village's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Village's government-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them. The Village's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Major Street Fund, the Local Street Fund and the Liquor Fund.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, net assets of the Village increased by \$63,556.16 to \$868,017.06.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$36,122.19 to \$173,791.20, the fund balance of the Major Street Fund increased by \$33,418.21 to \$237,302.14, the fund balance of the Local Street Fund increased by \$44,723.84 to \$260,511.08 and the fund balance of the Liquor Fund increased by \$191.44 to \$715.15.

The budget was amended to correct unforeseen expenses but overall was very stable and right on target.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Capital Assets:

New capital assets totaled \$38,496.00.

Long-Term Debt:

Loan payable: The debt service payments for this fiscal year totaled \$14,841.72 (\$8,768.36 principal and \$6,073.36 interest).

#### KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The Village plans for the future are to continue to improve our community for our taxpayers in the way they direct us.

#### CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S MANAGEMENT

Any questions or concerns call Linda Geiger, Village Treasurer, (989) 687-5077

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

	ACCETO	Governmental Activities
	ASSETS: CURRENT ASSETS:	
_	Cash in bank Due from State of Michigan	660 035 27 12 284 30
	Total Current Assets	672 319 57
_	NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Capital Assets	463 557 00
_	Less: Accumulated Depreciation  Net capital assets  Lease receivable	<u>(157 494 00)</u> 306 063 00
	Total Non-current Assets	110 365 51 416 428 51
	TOTAL ASSETS	1 088 748 08
	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	
	LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES	_
_	Total Current Liabilities	-
_	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: Deferred revenue Loan payable	110 365 51 110 365 51
_	Total Non-current Liabilities	220 731 02
	Total Liabilities	220 731 02
_	NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	195 697 49
		672 319 57
	Total Net Assets	<u>868 017 06</u>
_	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	1 088 748 08

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2005

			gram enue	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants – Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities: Legislative General government Public safety Public works Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt	57 550 92 25 464 44 8 984 27 41 045 06 53 313 00 6 073 36	4 261 00 25 182 11 930 00 4 060 00	- - - - - 14 841 72	(57 550 92) (25 464 44) (4 723 27) (15 862 95) (52 383 00) 12 828 36
Total Governmental Activities	192 431 05	34 433 11	<u>14 841 72</u>	(143 156 22)
General Revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing Interest Miscellaneous				46 001 07 143 829 27 16 416 16 465 88
Total General Revenues				206 712 38
Change in net assets				63 556 16
Net assets, beginning of year				804 460 90
Net Assets, End of Year				868 017 06

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2005

<u>Assets</u>	<u>General</u>	Major Street	Local Street	Liquor	Total
Cash in bank Due from State of Michigan Lease receivable	173 791 20 - 110 365 51	228 451 30 8 850 84	257 077 62 3 433 46 —————	715 15 - -	660 035 27 12 284 30 110 365 51
Total Assets	<u>284 156 71</u>	237 302 14	260 511 08	<u>715 15</u>	<u>782 685 08</u>
<b>Liabilities and Fund Equity</b>					
Liabilities: Deferred revenue Total liabilities	110 365 51 110 365 51	<u>-</u>			110 365 51 110 365 51
Fund equity: Fund balances: Unreserved:					
Undesignated Total fund equity	173 791 20 173 791 20	237 302 14 237 302 14	260 511 08 260 511 08	715 15 715 15	672 319 57 672 319 57
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	<u>284 156 71</u>	237 302 14	260 511 08	<u>715 15</u>	782 685 <u>08</u>

# RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2005

#### TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

672 319 57

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because –

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation

463 557 00

(157 494 00)

Long-term debt liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the government funds:

Loan payable

(110 365 51)

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

868 017 06

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended June 30, 2005

Revenues:	General	Major Street	Local Street	Liquor	Total
Property taxes	46 001 07				
Licenses and permits	4 261 00	-	-	-	46 001 07
State revenue sharing	65 057 00	55 498 21	21 791 81	4 400 07	4 261 00
Charges for services	-	00 490 21		1 482 25	143 829 27
Interest	5 092 19	6 043 79	25 182 11	-	25 182 11
Rents	19 831 72	0 043 79	5 279 19	99	16 416 16
Miscellaneous	465 88		-	-	19 831 72 465 88
Total revenues	140 708 86	61 542 00	52 253 11	1 483 24	<u>255 987 21</u>
Expenditures:					
Legislative:					
Village Council	57 550 92				
General government:	57 550 92	-	-	-	57 550 92
Clerk	10 600 47				
Treasurer	10 600 47	-	ters .	-	10 600 47
Public safety:	10 865 97	-	-	-	10 865 97
Liquor control					
Building inspection	7 692 47	-	-	1 291 80	1 291 80
Public works:	7 092 47	•	-	-	7 692 47
Highways and streets		00 400 70	<b></b>		
Recreation and culture:	-	28 123 79	7 529 27	-	35 653 06
Village park	26 702 50				
Capital outlay	36 783 50	-	•	-	36 783 50
Debt service	38 496 00	-	-	-	38 496 00
DODE SELVICE	<u>14 841 72</u>			-	<u>14 841 72</u>
Total expenditures	<u>176 831 05</u>	28 123 79	7 529 27	1 291 80	213 775 91
Excess (deficiency) of				120100	213 773 91
revenues over expenditures	(36 122 19)	33 418 21	44 723 84	191 44	42 211 30
Fund balance, July 1	209 913 39	203 883 93	215 787 24	523 71	630 108 27
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>173 791 20</u>	237 302 14	<u> 260 511 08</u>	715 15	672 319 <u>57</u>

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2005

### NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

42 211 30

 $(21\ 329\ 00)$ 

38 496 00

(4 590 50)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation

Depreciation Expense
Capital Outlay Additions
Capital Outlay Deletions

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, the repayment does not have an effect in the statement of activities but does reduce the debt balance in the statement of net assets.

Principal payments on long-term debt

8 768 36

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

63 556 16

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Sanford, Midland County, Michigan, conform to generally accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

#### Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Village contain all the Village funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Village of Sanford. The Village is governed by an elected Village Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village as the primary government.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the Village's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Governmental Funds

#### **General Fund**

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund includes the general operating expenditures of the local unit. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

#### Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Township. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories of supplies are considered to be immaterial and are not recorded.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned.

Properties are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on February 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls. The Village 2004 tax roll millage rate was 2.00 mills, and the taxable value was \$23,000,535.00.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, additions and improvements Furniture and equipment

10-30 years 3-20 years

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Village employees are not allowed to accumulate vacation and sick pay and therefore no accumulated amount is recorded in the financial statements.

#### Post-employment Benefits

The Village provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

#### **Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

#### Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these general purpose financial statements:

- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Village Council for consideration.
- 2. The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 6. The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- The budgeted amounts shown in these general purpose financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Village Council during the fiscal year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Village Council has designated seven banks for the deposit of Village funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for the cash deposits are as follows:

Amounts in the bank balances are without considering deposits in transit or uncleared checks.

The Village of Sanford did not have any investments as of June 30, 2005.

#### Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Township's Governmental activities for the current year was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/04	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/05
Land Buildings Equipment	77 805 00 202 225 00 149 641 50	33 534 00 1 715 00 3 247 00	- - (4 610 50)	111 339 00 203 940 00 148 278 00
Total	429 671 50	38 496 00	(4 610 50)	463 557 00
Accumulated Depreciation	(136 185 00)	(21 329 00)	20 00	(157 494 00)
Net Capital Assets	293 486 50	<u>17 167 00</u>	(4 590 50)	<u>306 063 00</u>

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

#### Note 5 - Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

	Balance 7/1/04	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/05
Building loan payable	119 133 87	-	<u>8 768 36</u>	110 365 51
Total	<u>119 133 87</u>		<u>8 768 36</u>	<u>110 365 51</u>

#### Note 6 - Building Loan Payable

On October 15, 1999, the Village obtained a loan for \$150,000.00 for the purpose of funding the purchase of a building to be used as a Water District No. 1 Office Building. The building is being paid for in sixty quarterly payments of \$3,710.43, including interest at the rate of 5.25% per annum. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance outstanding on the building was \$110,365.51.

#### Note 7 - Lease Commitment

The Village constructed a building for the Midland County Water District No. 1 at a total cost of \$150,000.00.

The Village entered into a capital lease with the Authority for the sale of the building at an amount of \$150,000.00. As of June 30, 2005, the balance of the lease receivable was \$110,365.51 as was the balance of the corresponding construction loan. The principal and interest payments by the Authority for the construction loan are accounted for as revenue in the period paid. The amounts to be received from the Authority, under the lease commitment, are identical to the amounts due on the building loan payable.

#### Note 8 - Midland County Water District No. 1

The Village is designated as a Constituent of the Midland County Water District No. 1 (the Authority). The Authority was acquired and financed pursuant to a contract between the Township of Lincoln, the Village of Sanford and the Township of Jerome. The Authority is a public body corporate with the power to sue or be sued by the state. It is not considered a component unit of the Village.

The Authority is responsible for the general operation, maintenance and repair of the water system. The participating municipalities receive refunds of any excess funds from the Authority; however, the participating municipalities are also proportionately liable for any shortage of funds needed for general operation, maintenance and repair of the system.

#### Note 9 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village does not have a deferred compensation plan.

#### Note 10 - Retirement Plan

The Village does not have a retirement plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

#### Note 11 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Village has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 12 - Building Permits

As of June 30, 2005, the Village had building permit revenues of \$4,261.00 and building permit expenses of \$7,692.47.

#### <u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND</u> Year ended June 30, 2005

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Property taxes	43 800 00	46 000 00	40 004 07	
Licenses and permits	2 200 00	2 088 00	46 001 07	1 07
State revenue sharing	57 000 00	65 000 00	4 261 00	2 173 00
Interest	4 400 00		65 057 00	57 00
Rents		3 600 00	5 092 19	1 492 19
Miscellaneous	5 300 00	4 110 00	19 831 72	15 721 72
Wilscellatteous	500 00	421 00	<u>465 88</u>	44 88
Total revenues	113 200 00	121 219 00	140 708 86	19 489 86
Expenditures:				
Legislative:				
Village Council	50 250 00	59 340 00	67 EEO 00	// <b>300</b> 00)
General government:	00 200 00	39 340 00	57 550 92	(1 789 08)
Clerk	10 818 00	10 753 00	10 600 47	
Treasurer	11 270 00	10 733 00	10 600 47	(152 53)
Public safety:	11 270 00	10 910 00	10 865 97	(44 03)
Building inspection	8 180 00	8 180 00	7.000.47	4400
Recreation and culture:	0 100 00	0 100 00	7 692 47	(487 53)
Village park	32 100 00	38 870 00	26 702 50	<b>(2.22.</b> 22)
Capital outlay	42 000 00	43 078 71	36 783 50	(2 086 50)
Debt service	<u>15 000 00</u>		38 496 00	(4 582 71)
2 2 2 2 3 3 7 3 5	15 000 00	15 000 00	<u>14 841 72</u>	(158 28)
Total expenditures	<u>169 618 00</u>	186 131 71	<u>176 831 05</u>	(9 300 66)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(56 418 00)	(64 912 71)	(36 122 19)	28 790 52
Fund balance, July 1	56 418 00	64 912 71	209 913 39	145 000 68
Fund Balance, June 30	*		<u> 173 791 20</u>	173 791 20

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND Year ended June 30, 2005

Davasas	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:				
State revenue sharing	48 000 00	48 000 00	55 498 21	7 498 21
Interest	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6 043 79	4 543 79
Tatal				
Total revenues	<u>49 500 00</u>	49 500 00	61 542 00	12 042 00
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	126 390 00	127 090 00	28 123 79	(98 966 21)
Total expenditures	126 390 00	127 090 00	28 123 79	(98 966 21)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(76 890 00)	(77 590 00)	33 418 21	111 008 21
Fund balance, July 1	76 890 00	<u>77 590 00</u>	203 883 93	<u>126 293 93</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	-		237 302 14	<u>237 302 14</u>

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LOCAL STREET FUND Year ended June 30, 2005

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
State revenue sharing	18 000 00	49 000 00	04 W04 04	
Charges for services	20 500 00	18 000 00	21 791 81	3 791 81
Interest		20 500 00	25 182 11	4 682 11
merest	2 500 00	<u>2 500 00</u>	<u>5 279 19</u>	<u> </u>
Total revenues	41 000 00	41 000 00	52 253 11	11 253 11
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	68 830 00	68 830 00	7 529 27	(61 300 73)
Total expenditures	68 830 00	68 830 00	7 529 27	(61 300 73)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(27 830 00)	(27 830 00)	44 723 84	72 553 84
Fund balance, July 1	27 830 00	27 830 00	<u>215 787 24</u>	187 957 24
Fund Balance, June 30	-		260 511 08	<u>260 511 08</u>

#### GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY DETAILED ACCOUNT Year ended June 30, 2005

	Village Council:	
	Salary	
	Fringe benefits	1 925 00
	Professional services	147 31
	Printing and publishing	10 142 95
	D.A.R.E.	858 01
-	Drains	500 00
	Insurance	1 449 00
		9 529 00
_	Street lights	17 818 85
	Sanford Historical Society	2 500 00
	Yard waste collection	1 243 00
	Property taxes	1 443 42
-	Repairs and maintenance Utilities	4 629 74
	Miscellaneous	2 796 02
	Miscellaneous	<u> </u>
	Clerk:	<u>57 550 92</u>
	Salary	
	Salary – deputy clerk	7 968 00
	Fringe benefits	560 48
-	Office supplies	652 44
	Transportation	809 20
	Utilities	46 46
	Othitics	563 89
	Treasurer:	10 600 47
	Salary	
	Salary – deputy treasurer	8 400 00
•	Professional services	300 00
	Fringe benefits	1 462 50
	Office supplies	665 64
	2.1100 oupplioo	37 83
	Building inspection:	10 865 97
	Salary	
	Fringe benefits	6 720 00
h	Transportation	514 20
	Training	20 74
		437 53
	Village park:	7 692 47
	Salary	A.W
	Fringe benefits	25 333 00
	Sanitation	1 937 82
1	Utilities	2 105 45
	Repairs and maintenance	880 96
	repaire and maintenance	<u>6 526 27</u>
1		36 783 50
	Capital outlay	20.422.22
	•	<u>38 496 00</u>
	Debt service	14 044 70
		<u> 14 841 72</u>
	Total Expenditures	<u> 176 831 05</u>

### CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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### AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

August 15, 2005

To the Village Council Village of Sanford Midland County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Sanford for the year ended June 30, 2005. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Sanford in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Village Council Village of Sanford Midland County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

#### **OTHER COMMUNICATIONS**

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

#### COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

#### SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

A separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not always exist.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which an employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

We understand that due to the size of needed staff, a proper segregation of duties may be impractical and the "cost to benefit" relationship may not justify the addition of accounting staff to accomplish the desired segregation.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Village's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Village's financial statements, dated June 30, 2005.

#### SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Campbell, Kustines: Co., P.C. campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.

**Certified Public Accountants**